



## **Development of a novel one-step RT-PCR for detection of VHSV**

H. J. Kim<sup>1\*</sup>, S. S. Mikkelsen<sup>2</sup> & N. J. Olesen<sup>2</sup>

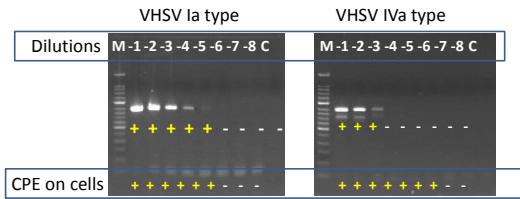
<sup>1</sup>National Fishery Products Quality Management Service, Busan, Korea

<sup>2</sup>National Veterinary Institute, Technical University of Denmark, Frederiksberg C, Denmark

## *20<sup>th</sup> Annual Workshop of the National Reference Laboratories for Fish Diseases Copenhagen, Denmark,*

## Current OIE RT PCR problems (1)

- Low Sensitivity for VHSV IVa



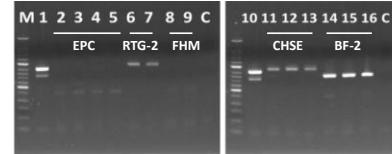
- Results : The sensitivity of OIE primer set was high using VHSV Ia type. But, low sensitivity was showed in VHSV IVa type.

### **Problems of conventional RT-PCR for VHSV detection**

- A conventional RT-PCR for detection of VHS developed by M. Snow et al. is included in the OIE Diagnostic Manual as well as in the EU CD 2015-1554.
  - Low sensitivity for detection of VHSV Genotype IVa (Kim 2015, Aquaculture).
  - Often non specific reaction close to the VHSV amplicon is seen when testing various non- infected cell cultures leading to false positive reactions. (OIE, 2012)

## Current OIE RT PCR problems (2)

- Non specific bands appear when normal fish cell lines are used



M : 50 bp DNA size marker (Takara), Lane 1 & 10 : Positive control  
 Lane 2-5 : EPC, Lane 6 & 7 : RTG-2, Lane 8 & 9 : FHM,  
 C : Negative control, Lane 11-13 : CHSE, Lane 14-16 : BF-2

→ Non-specific bands can be observed with EPC, RTG-2, CHSE-214 and BF-2.

**Therefore:**

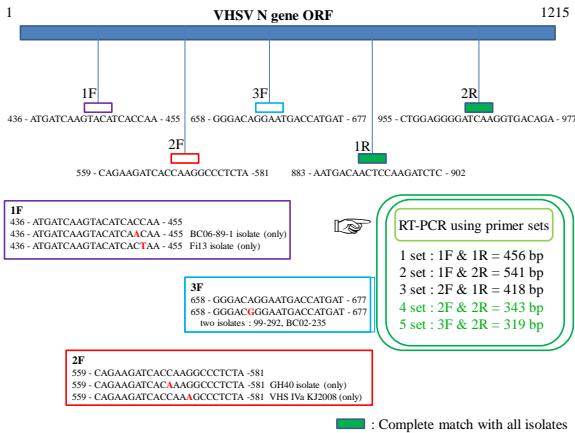
→ We need to improve the specificity of the conventional RT-PCR so that all VHSV genotypes can be detected without the non-specific reaction due to fish cell lines.

## New Primer Design

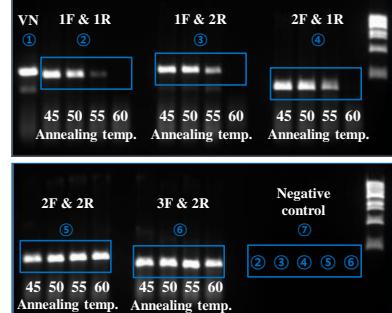
- Primer sets for VHSV gene detection in 37 published articles were investigated against 136 VHSV N-genes - NCBI Genbank (118) + EURL Fishpathogens.eu (18)

Result : No primer set matched all VHSV genotypes therefore

- Candidate primers for 5 regions were designed.



### RT-PCR results on VHSV IVa using new primer sets

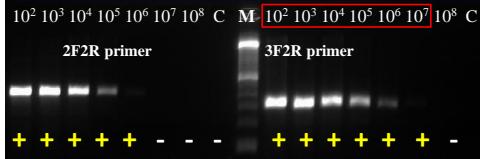


**Materials and Methods**  
- Template : spleen from challenged flounder with VHSV KJ2008 (IVa)  
- RNA extraction and RT-PCR  
- PCR condition : OIE manual (VN primer set)

→ 2F2R & 3F2R primer sets amplified VHSV IVa at all temperatures.

### RT-PCR titration results using new primer sets

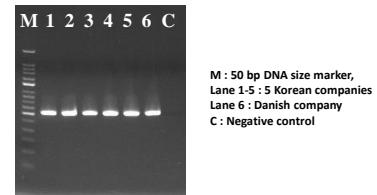
**Materials and Methods**  
- Template : RNA from spleen of challenged flounder with VHSV KJ2008 IVa  
- RNA extraction and RT-PCR  
- PCR condition : OIE manual (annealing 55 °C)



→ 3F2R primer set showed higher sensitivity than 2F2R.  
→ So, the 3F2R primer set was selected.

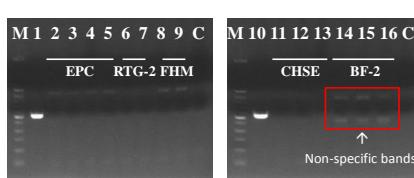
### Do primer set from various companies influence the 3F2R RT-PCR?

Primer set from 6 companies tested :



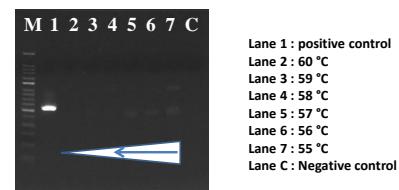
→ No effects of using different companies.

### Do 3F2R cause non-specific reaction with fish cell lines?



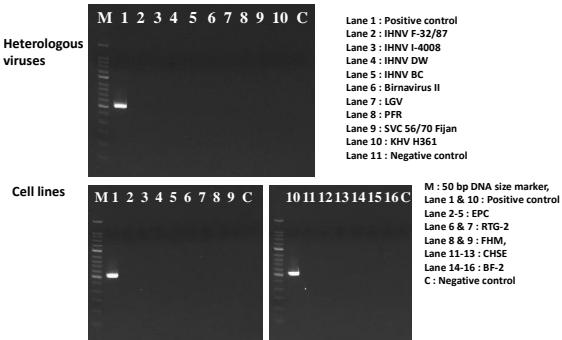
→ However, the non-specific bands were detected in all fish cell lines, and specially same bands as target size were observed with BF-2 cell line.

Change of annealing temperatures from 55 to 60°C reduced the non specific bands on BF-2 cell line



→ The non-specific bands disappeared when annealing temperatures increased from 55°C to 60°C.

The VHSV RT-PCR using the 3F2R primers at annealing temperature of 60 °C resulted in high specificity with no cross reaction to any heterologous viruses or to any fish cell lines.



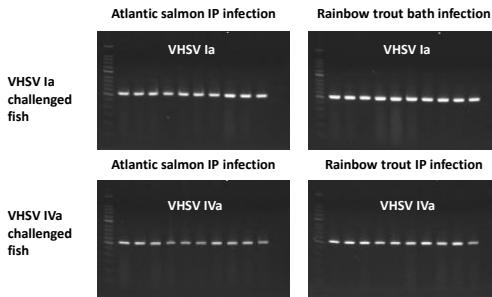
No non-specific reactions were observed in tissue samples from rainbow trout and Atlantic salmon



Lane 1 : Positive control  
Lane 2 : IHNV F-32/87  
Lane 3 : IHNV I-4008  
Lane 4 : IHNV DW  
Lane 5 : IHNV BC  
Lane 6 : Birnavirus II  
Lane 7 : LGV  
Lane 8 : PFR  
Lane 9 : SVC 56/70 Fijian  
Lane 10 : KHV H36/  
Lane 11 : Negative control

M : 50 bp DNA size marker,  
Lane 1 & 10 : Positive control  
Lane 2-5 : EPC  
Lane 6 & 7 : RTG-2  
Lane 8 & 9 : FHM,  
Lane 11-13 : CHSE  
Lane 14-16 : BF-2  
C : Negative control

#### RT-PCR using 3F2R primer on samples from VHSV infected fish



→It was confirmed that only specific bands were observed using the 3F2R primer set on VHSV fish infected samples.

#### Summary

- A highly sensitive primer set was selected among several new candidate primers
- Reaction conditions were established for this conventional RT PCR without non-specific reactions in fish, fish cell lines or with heterologous viruses

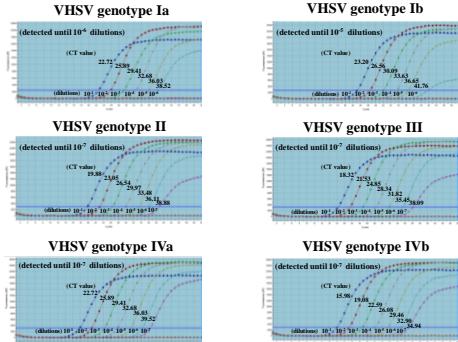
#### Comparison of sensitivities using several methods

- Real-time RT-PCR (Jonstrup et al. 2013)
- OIE conventional RT-PCR.
- 3F2R conventional RT-PCR
- Cell cultures for virus titration(TCID50)

#### Testing of 6 VHSV isolates representing all major genotypes (Small panel )

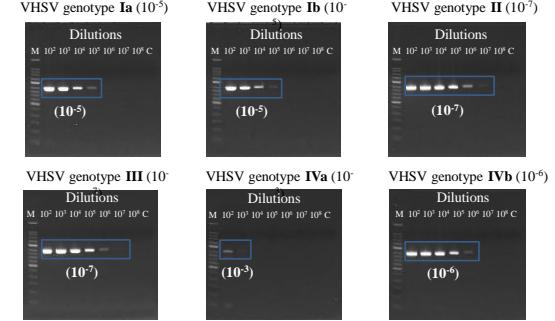
Genotype	Isolate name	Source of isolate	Used cell lines
Ia	DK-3592B	Lorenzen et al. (1993)	BF-2
Ib	DK-1p8	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
II	DK-1p52	Mortensen et al. (1999)	FHM
III	DK-4p168	Mortensen et al. (1999)	EPC
IVa	KJ2008	Kim & Kim (2011)	EPC
IVb	MIO3, Lakes St. Clair, MI	Elsayed et al. (2006)	EPC

### RT-qPCR on titrations from $10^{-1}$ to $10^{-9}$ of small panel VHSV



→ In this small panel, the viral genes were detected at dilutions between  $10^{-5}$  and  $10^{-7}$

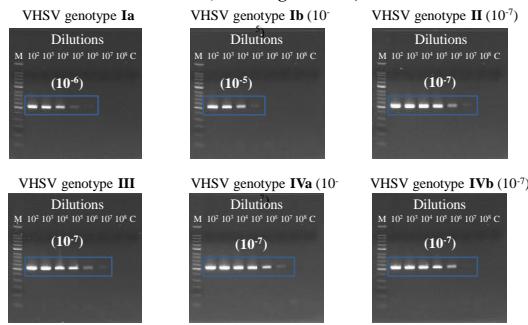
### OIE VN primer RT-PCR on titrations from $10^{-2}$ to $10^{-8}$ of small panel VHSV



→ The viral genes were detected at dilutions between  $10^{-3}$  and  $10^{-7}$

→ The OIE VN primer only detected VHSV IVa at a very low level.

### 3F2R primer RT-PCR on titrations from $10^{-2}$ to $10^{-8}$ of small panel VHSV (annealing at 60 °C)



→ The viral genes were detected at dilutions between  $10^{-5}$  and  $10^{-7}$

→ The 3F2R primer set detected all VHSV at high level.

### Summary

#### Sensitivities of 3 RT-PCR and cell culture for detection of VHSV.

Small Panels	Cell culture	Real-time RT-PCR	Conventional RT-PCR using OIE primer	Conventional RT-PCR using 3F2R primer
Ia	-6	-6	-5	-6
Ib	-5	-5	-5	-5
II	-7	-7	-7	-7
III	-7	-7	-7	-7
IVa	-7	-7	3	-7
IVb	-7	-7	-6	-7

→ Sensitivity was tested in parallel on cell cultures. Genotype I, II and III on BF-2 and genotype IV on EPC.

→ It was concluded that the sensitivity for all genotypes were at the same level when using cell culture, real-time RT-PCR and the conventional 3F2R RT-PCR . While it was lower for the OIE VN RT-PCR.

### Big Panel-1 : Testing 80 VHSV isolates by 3F2R RT-PCR:

Virus number	Isolate	Genotype	Source isolate	Used cell lines
1	DK-F1	Ia	Jensen (1963, 1965)	BF-2
2	DK-297 (HEDEDAM)	I	Vestergaard Jørgensen (1974)	BF-2
3	DK-359/2B	Ia	Lorenzen et al. (1993), Jørgensen et al. (1995)	BF-2
4	DK-3971	Ia	Jouppri et al. (2009)	BF-2
5	DK-4003	Ia	Jørgensen et al. (1995)	BF-2
6	DK-7974	Ia	Jouppri et al. (2009)	BF-2
7	DK-96953/77	Ia	Einer-Jensen et al. (2004)	BF-2
8	DK-200051	Ia	Jouppri et al. (2009)	BF-2
9	DK-200340	Ia	Jouppri et al. (2009)	BF-2
10	FR-07-71	Ia	Le Bouc et al. (1977)	BF-2
11	FR-23-75	Ia	de Kinkelin & Le Berre (1977)	BF-2
12	FR-02-84	Ia	Bonnotte et al. (1997)	EPC
13	CZ-2077	Ia	DTU Viral Reference	BF-2
14	CZ-2077	Ia	Veterinary Research Institute, Brno, Czech Republic (unpubl.)	BF-2
15	DK-5927	Ia	Snow et al. (1999)	BF-2
16	AU-8/95	Ia	University of Veterinary Medicine, Vienna (unpubl.)	BF-2
17	CH-005-BFH	Ia	Center for Veterinary Public Health, Div. Fish, Univ. of Berne, Switzerland (unpubl.)	BF-2
18	PU-2023/71	Ia	National Veterinary Research Institute, Pulawy, Poland (unpubl.)	BF-2
19	DK-M-Rhabdo	Ib	Vestergaard Jørgensen & Østergaard (1987), Jensen, Blach & Larsen (1979)	BF-2
20	DK-1p8	Ib	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
21	DK-1p40	Ib	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
22	DK-1p45	Ib	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
23	DK-1p86	Ib	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
24	DK-1p93	Ib	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
25	DK-1p116	Ib	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
26	DK-1p119	Ib	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
27	DK-1p121	Ib	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
28	DK-5p276	Ib	Skall et al. (2005)	BF-2
29	SE-SVA-14	Ib	Nordholm (1998)	EPC
30	SE-SVA-1033	Ib	Nordholm & Norvell (2000)	BF-2

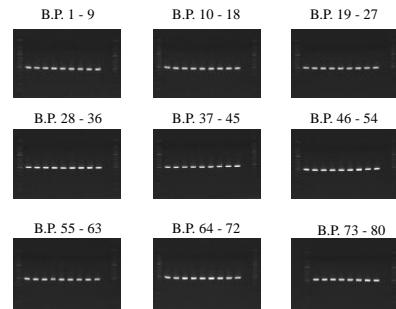
### Big Panel-2 : Testing 80 VHSV isolates by 3F2R RT-PCR:

Virus number	Isolate	Genotype	Source isolate	Used cell lines
31	UK-96-43	Ib	Dixon et al. (1997)	BF-2
32	DK-p37	Ib	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
33	DK-2835	Ic	Jonstrup et al. (2009)	BF-2
34	DK-5121	Ic	Jonstrup et al. (2009)	BF-2
35	DK-5123	Ic	Jonstrup et al. (2009)	BF-2
36	FIN-k42/22/00	Id	Rape-Hall et al. (2006)	EPC
37	FIN-2ka-66/2000	Ie	Einer-Jensen et al. (2004)	EPC
38	NO-165-68/1546	Ie	Hansen, Wadum (1968)	BF-2
39	GE-1.2	Ie	Lab. of Ap. Animal Health, Russia Res. Inst. for Vet. Viro. and Mic. biol. (unpubl.)	BF-2
40	TR2006239-1	Ie	Ito et al. (2012)	BF-2
41	DK-1p48	II	Mortensen et al. (1999)	EPC
42	DK-1p52	II	Mortensen et al. (1999)	FHM
43	DK-1p53	II	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
44	DK-1p54	II	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
45	DK-1p55	II	Snow et al. (1999)	BF-2
46	DK-4p101	IIIa	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
47	DK-4p168	IIIa	Mortensen et al. (1999)	EPC
48	DK-4p173	IIIa	Mortensen et al. (1999)	BF-2
49	DK-1p57	IIIa	Small (2000)	BF-2
50	UK-86/034	IIIa	Ross et al. (1994)	BF-2
51	UK-H17/2/95	IIIa	Small (2000)	BF-2
52	FR-L59x	IIIa	Thiry et al. (2002)	EPC
53	NO-1p530	IIIa	Douglas et al. (2002)	BF-2
54	DK-9795.30 (IR-F13.02.97)	IIIa	Snow et al. (1999)	EPC
55	NO-2007-50-385	IIIb	Dale et al. (2009)	BF-2
56	USA-MAKAH	IVa	Brundum et al. (1989)	BF-2
57	USA-104	IVa	Hansen, Wadum (1968)	BF-2
58	USA-Elliott Bay	IVa	USGS (unpubl.)	BF-2
59	Minter Creek, WA	IVa	USGS (unpubl.)	EPC
60	Tokul Creek, WA	IVa	USGS (unpubl.)	EPC

### Big Panel-3 : Testing 80 VHSV isolates by 3F2R RT-PCR:

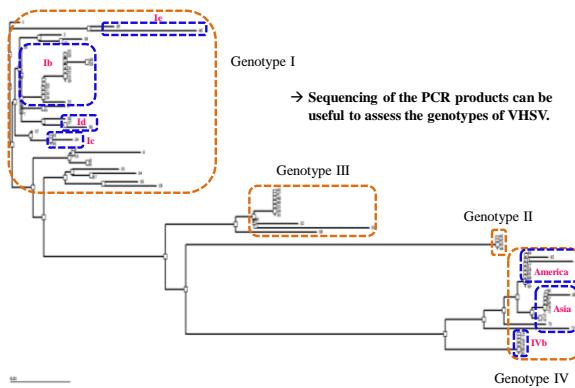
Virus number	Isolate	Genotype	Source isolate	Used cell lines
61	Port Angeles, WA	IVa	USGS (unpubl.)	EPC
62	CAN-3624	IVa	Traxler et al (1995), Pac. Biol. Stat. (unpubl.)	BP-2
63	CAN-99-019	IVa	Ito et al (2012)	EPC
64	Quesnel, BC*	IVa	USGS (unpubl.)	EPC
65	JP-Ohamari 25	IVa	Takamatsu et al. (2000)	EPC
66	JP-JFO00Ehi1	IVa	Nishizawa et al. (2002)	EPC
67	BR01Ehi1	IVa	Ito et al (2010)	EPC
68	BR01Ehi2	IVa	Ito et al (2010)	EPC
69	ISL02Ycm1	IVa	Ito et al (2010)	EPC
70	PM05Ehi1	IVa	NRIA FRA (unpubl.)	EPC
71	KJ2008	IVa	Kim & Kim (2011)	EPC
72	TFW0001	IVa	Kim et al (2009)	EPC
73	FWandol05	IVa	Kim et al (2009)	EPC
74	DH2008	IVa	Kim et al. (unpubl.)	EPC
75	MIO3, Lakes St. Clair, MI	IVb	Elsayed et al. (2006)	EPC
76	Blue gill, Goby 1-5	IVb	Goscock et al. (2007)	EPC
77	Gizzard shad, Lake Ontario, NY	IVb	USGS (unpubl.)	EPC
78	Blue gill, Budd Lake, MI	IVb	USGS (unpubl.)	EPC
79	Fp 07-010 Skaneateles Lake, NY	IVb	USGS (unpubl.)	EPC
80	New Brunswick	IVc	Goscock et al. (2007)	EPC

### Big Panel of VHSV 80 isolates using 3F2R primer (annealing 60)



→ Clear and unique amplicons were observed for all 80 VHSV isolates representing a worldwide collection of all known genotypes and subtypes.

### Phylogenetic analysis of Big Panel (80 isolates) using 3F2R primer



### Discussion

- A new conventional RT-PCR have been developed and validated for detection of all genotypes of VHSV.
- The new RT-PCR showed the same sensitivity as cell culture.
- No non-specific responses to heterologous viruses, tissue of several fish species (rainbow trout, atlantic salmon, olive flounder) or fish cell lines were observed.
- We suggest that the new primer set shall replace the current primer set recommended in the OIE manual for detection of VHSV.

