



Project no. SSPE-CT-2003-502329

PANDA

Permanent network to strengthen expertise on infectious diseases of aquaculture species and scientific advice to EU policy

Coordination Action

Scientific support to policies

Work Package 2 Risk analysis of exotic, emerging and re-emerging disease hazards

Annex 4: Hazard scoring spreadsheet

Start date of project: 01/01/04 Duration: 44 months

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United Kingdom Revision [1.0]

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|---|---|----|--|--|--|
| Dissemination Level | | | | | |
| PU | Public | PU | | | |
| PP | Restricted to other programme participants (including the Commission Services) | | | | |
| RE | Restricted to a group specified by the consortium (including the Commission Services) | | | | |
| СО | Confidential, only for members of the consortium (including the Commission Services) | | | | |

Annex 4 - Hazard scoring spreadsheet

| | Pathogen Hazard Score for Risk Assessment | Weight | Score | Uncertain ty estimate (UE-1 to 5) | Weighte d score | UE score |
|----|---|--------|-------|---|--------------------|-------------|
| | PLEASE COMPLETE ONLY THE LIGHT GREEN HIGHLIGHTED AREAS | | | | | |
| | Pathogen name: | - | | | | |
| | Assumption: Susceptible host species exist within the EU. | - | | | | |
| | Uncertainty estimate (UE): 1= very certain, 2= reasonably certain, 3= reasonably uncertain, 4= very uncertain, 5= no data | | | | | |
| Α | Presence or absence of the pathogen in the EU and regulatory status | 20% | | | 0 | 0 |
| 1. | Is the pathogen absent from the EU? (yes=1, no=0) (if yes go to qu 3) | 50 | | | 0 | 0 |
| 2. | If no, is the pathogen of limited distribution in the EU? Note: 'limited distribution' means the potential range has not been reached, it is not limited to its present distribution by climatic conditions or host fish/shellfish distribution and would be capable of additional spread without biosecurity measures. (yes=1, no=0) | 25 | | | 0 | 0 |
| 3. | Does the pathogen cause a listed OIE and/or EU Directive 91/67 disease? (yes=0 , no=1) | 25 | | | 0 | 0 |
| В | Pathways of introduction | 20% | | | 0 | 0 |
| 4. | Is there trade in live host species (legal or illegal) into the EU from a known positive country? (yes=1, no=0) | 50 | | | 0 | 0 |
| 5. | Is there trade in products of the host species (legal or illegal) into the EU from a known positive country (yes=1, no=0) (if no go to qu 7) | 5 | | | 0 | 0 |
| 6. | If yes, has the pathogen been spread by international trade in the products of the susceptible species? | 20 | | | 0 | 0 |
| 7. | (yes=1, no=0) Is there trade in gametes of the host species (legal or illegal) into the EU from a known positive country? (yes=1, no=0) (if no go to qu 9) | 5 | | | 0 | 0 |

| C Establishment C C C C C C C C C | 8. | If yes, has the pathogen been spread by international trade in gametes of the host species? (yes=1, no=0) | 20 | 0 | 0 |
|---|-----|--|-----|---|---|
| compared to the area of current distribution? (not similar = 0; similar = 0.5; very similar = 1) 10. How many different host species are present in the EU? (one = 0; one to three = 0.5; more than three = 1) 11. How extensive (density) are the host fish/shellfish in the EU? (rare = 0; fairly widespread = 0.5; very widespread = 1) 12. Are the host species farmed and/or wild? (wild only = 0.5; farmed only = 0.5; farmed and wild = 1) 13. How long will the pathogen live in the environment without a host? (hours = 0; days = 0.5; months = 1) 14. How likely is the reproductive strategy of the pathogen and duration of life cycle to aid establishment? Note: e.g. pathogenesis, short life cycle, direct life cycle, number of generations per year. (not likely = 0; likely = 0.5; very likely = 1) 15. How rapidly is the pathogen liable to spread in the EU by natural means? Note: consider wild fish movements, the presence of natural barriers, and water currents. (Slowly = 0; moderate = 0.5; rapidly = 1) 16. How rapidly is the pathogen liable to spread in the EU by human assistance? Note: consider the potential for movement with live fish, contaminated equipment, etc. | С | Establishment | 20% | 0 | 0 |
| 10. How many different host species are present in the EU? (one = 0; one to three = 0.5; more than three = 1) 11. How extensive (density) are the host fish/shellfish in the EU? (rare = 0; fairly widespread = 0.5; very widespread = 1) 12. Are the host species farmed and/or wild? (wild only = 0.5; farmed only = 0.5; farmed and wild = 1) 13. How long will the pathogen live in the environment without a host? (hours = 0; days = 0.5; months = 1) 14. How likely is the reproductive strategy of the pathogen and duration of life cycle to aid establishment? Note: e.g. pathogenesis, short life cycle, direct life cycle, number of generations per year. (not likely = 0; likely = 0.5; very likely = 1) 15. How rapidly is the pathogen liable to spread in the EU by natural means? Note: consider wild fish movements, the presence of natural barriers, and water currents. (slowly = 0; moderate = 0.5; rapidly = 1) 16. How rapidly is the pathogen liable to spread in the EU by human assistance? Note: consider the potential for movement with live fish, contaminated equipment, etc. | 9. | , J | 20 | 0 | 0 |
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| 16. How rapidly is the pathogen liable to spread in the EU by human assistance? Note: consider the potential for movement with live fish, contaminated equipment, etc. | 15. | | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Note: consider the potential for movement with live fish, contaminated equipment, etc. | | (slowly = 0; moderate = 0.5 ; rapidly = 1) | | | |
| (vory slowly - 0) moderate = 0.5 year rapidly = 1) | 16. | | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| (Very Slowly – 0, Hoderate – 0.5, Very rapidly – 1) | | (very slowly = 0; moderate = 0.5 ; very rapidly = 1) | | | |
| 17. How often has the pathogen successfully established new areas outside its original range? 20 0 0 0 (never = 0; occasionally = 0.5; often = 1) | 17. | | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| D Consequence 0 0 | D | | 20% | 0 | 0 |
| 18. Can the pathogen cause environmental harm where it occurs? Note: consider reduction of important species (e.g. endangered); significant reduction of other native species; significant effects on designated environmentally sensitive areas; significant change in ecological processes and structure. (no=0; yes=1) | 18. | Can the pathogen cause environmental harm where it occurs? Note: consider reduction of important species (e.g. endangered); significant reduction of other native species; significant effects on designated environmentally sensitive areas; significant change in ecological processes and structure. | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| How important are social and cultural harm caused by the pathogen within its existing geographic range? Note: e.g. damaging the livelihood of a proportion of the human population, affecting human use (e.g. recreational uses, tourism, fishing). | 19. | range? Note: e.g. damaging the livelihood of a proportion of the human population, affecting human use (e.g. recreational uses, | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| (little or no importance = 0; important = 0.5; very important = 1) | | | | _ | |

| | How important is economic loss to cultivated fish/shellfish caused by the pathogen within its | 10 | 0 | 10 |
|-----|--|-----|---|----|
| | existing geographic range? | | | |
| | Note: consider direct and indirect costs from loss of production and control efforts. | | | |
| | (little or no importance = 0; important = 0.5; very important = 1) | | | |
| 21. | How extensive is a region of the EU likely to suffer damage from the pathogen? | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| | (limited = 0; extensive = 0.5; very extensive =1) | | | |
| 22. | How likely is the presence of the pathogen in the EU to affect export markets? | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| | Note: consider the extent of any sanitary measures likely to be imposed by trading partners. | | | |
| | (not likely = 0; likely = 0.5; very likely = 1) | | | |
| 23. | How important would other costs resulting from introduction be? | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| | Note: costs to the government, such as control costs, research, advice, publicity, certification schemes. | | _ | |
| | (little or no importance = 0; important = 0.5; very important = 1) | | | |
| 24. | How likely are possible control/eradication measures to disrupt existing biological systems? | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| | (not likely = 0; likely = 0.5; very likely = 1) | | | |
| E | Risk mitigation | 20% | 0 | 0 |
| 25. | How likely are existing control or husbandry measures (in cultured/farmed populations) to prevent establishment of the pathogen? | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| | (n/a or very likely = 0; likely = 0.5; not likely = 1) | | | |
| 26. | How likely is it that the pathogen could be eradicated from the EU? | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| | (very likely = 0; fairly likely = 0.5 ; not likely = 1) | | | |
| 27. | Is there an active surveillance system for the pathogen within the EU? | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| | (yes=0, no=1) (if no go to qu 29) | | | |
| 28. | If yes (qu 27), in how many countries does it happen? | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| | (>50% of countries=0.25; <50% of countries= 0.75) | | | |
| 29. | Is there a suitable diagnostic test available? | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| | Note: according to the OIE, a diagnostic test should be widely available and preferably have undergone a formal | | | |
| | standardisation and validation process using routine field samples. (yes=0, no=1) | | | |
| | (yes=0, no=1) | | | |
| | Category summary scores | | | |
| | Pathogen name: | | | |
| | Risk=%category weight x total category weighted score | | | |
| | Uncertainty=%category weight x total category UE score | | | |
| | | | | |
| | A. Presence or absence of the pathogen in the EU and regulatory status | | | |

| Risk | 0 | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Uncertainty | 0 | |
| B. Pathways of introduction | | |
| Risk | 0 | |
| Uncertainty | 0 | |
| C. Establishment | | |
| Risk | 0 | |
| Uncertainty | 0 | |
| D. Consequence | | |
| Risk | 0 | |
| Uncertainty | 0 | |
| E. Risk mitigation | | |
| Risk | 0 | |
| Uncertainty | 0 | |
| | | |
| Total risk score | 0 | |
| Total uncertainty score | 0 | |